

P.O Box 67562 Nairobi Kenya

ICMI CERTIFICATION – SUMMARY REPORT

Mainline Carriers Limited – Tanzania



ICMI Certification Audit of Mainline Carriers Ltd-Summary Report



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1.0 SUMMARY AUDIT REPORT FOR CYANIDE TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS

Name of Cyanide User Facility:	Mainline Car	riers Limited
Name of Cyanide User Facility Owner:	Mainline Car	riers Limited
Name of Cyanide User Facility Operato	or: Mainline Car	riers Limited
Name of Responsible Manager:	Fredrick Sikka	ay QHSE Manager
Address:	Industrial are	a Mbagla, Dar-es-Salaam
Country:	Tanzania	
Telephone:	+255 752 786	5 901
E-Mail:	fredrick.sikay	@mainlinecarriers.co.tz
2.0 LOCATION DETAIL AND DESCR	RIPTION OF OPERATION	
Mainline Carriers Ltd, (MCL), became a	Signatory to the ICMC in	Feb 2022.
They are located in Industrial Area Mbawell as workshops.	gala in Dar es Salaam an	d use the same yard for their equipment as
They have their own workshops and ha have a preventative maintenance progreplace tyres on site and have an equip	ramme. Besides truck en	
MCL operates around 126 trucks and tr deliver the following: Hazardous Goods (Cyanide), General cargo, and, Consolidated cargo loads.	ailers, and they service s	everal countries throughout East Africa and
MCL's Mbagala Yard consists offices an equipment to move cyanide containers always remain in their containers.	-	are not off loaded from the trucks no e.g., forklifts or reach stackers) cyanide IBCs
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Sodium cyanide in IBC's which are packed in 20ft containers are loaded from the port of Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania and delivered to North Mara Mine Site and Bulyanhulu Gold Mine Ltd. Covering distance of 1220km from the port to the mine site. The manufacturer of the sodium cyanide is Hebei Chengxin Co. Ltd, a cyanide manufacturer based in China.

Solid sodium cyanide is packaged in Intermediate Bulk Containers (IBC's) of 1000kg capacity. The briquettes are stored within a woven polypropylene bag, sealed with a PVC plastic liner, within a wooden crate. Packaging complies with International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code for Group 1 hazardous goods and has been subjected to the relevant tests required by the Code.

The solid sodium cyanide briquettes which are in IBC's are packed in 6-meter freight container and shipped by sea from the Consignor to the Port Dar Es Salaam. A maximum of 20 wooden fabricated IBCs is packed into a freight container with a maximum gross weight of the product of 20 tons.

Sodium cyanide in IBC's which are packed in 20ft containers are loaded from the port of Dar Es Salaam Cyanide is manufactured by Hebei Chengxin Co. Ltd China.

Upon delivery at the port, the containers are offloaded using container handling equipment as required by the Tanzanian International Container Terminal System. The containers are separated from general containers and away from any other dangerous goods due to the nature of the product.

Once all the paperwork has been completed, the containers are moved by road to the Inland Container Depot (ICD) (PMM Estates Ltd). This depot is approved and licenced by the Tanzanian authorities to accept dangerous goods.

The same depot also has a bonded warehouse for other goods that are in transit.

PMM Estates Ltd. (PMM) transports containers from the Port of Dar es Salaam to the Inland Container Depot (ICD), PMM conducts unloading of containers at the ICD PMM load containers onto MCL trucks at the ICD.

MCL trucks transport the containers to Freight forwarders Tanzania (FFT) (Sister company to MCL) Interim storage yard and if need be, containers are offloaded and loaded at FFT yard using Forklifts. Mostly trucks are parked overnight, and they leave early morning in a convoy. As per the requirement from the mine containers are loaded on to MCL trucks.

The collection of the containers would be as follows: once all the customs' paperwork has been completed, a convoy sets off to go and collect the containers. The convoy is accompanied by a convoy leader and vehicle and the route is strategically worked out due to the ongoing roadworks in Dar es Salaam that are happening currently.

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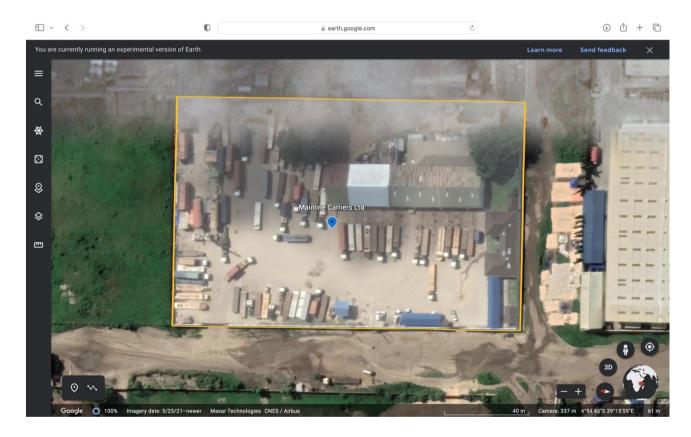


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The ICD is in an industrial area in the southern part of Dar es Salaam (Mbagala Industrial Area), and once the vehicles arrive at the ICD they either remain in the yard for dispatch or they are off loaded in an interim storage area for later transport to various mines.

The Tanzanian Government Chemist Laboratory Agency administers the Rules and Regulations and is the national regulator for dangerous goods management. The convoys to the various mines can comprise of up to 10 trucks at a time, each truck carrying only one container load at a time. They are also accompanied by relevant escort vehicles. They also required to get permission from the GCLA in order to convey any Cyanide.

These convoys will travel throughout Tanzania and throughout the general region of East Africa to deliver the cyanide to various gold operations.



Name of Facility:

Mainline Carriers Limited

Lead Auditor

Date: 31.05.2022



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SUMMARY AUDIT REPORT AUDITORS' FINDINGS

MCL Limited is:		
	in full compliance with	
	in substantial complian	ce with
	not in compliance with	
THE INTERNATIONAL CYANIDE M	ANAGEMENT CODE	
Audit Company: Audit Team Leader: Email:	Investor Solutions Limited - Kuldip Degon, Lead Audito kuldip@islglobal.net	•
NAME OF OTHER AUDITORS		
Sean Webster – Technical Auditor	: Transportation, Production	and Mining Operations.
DATES OF AUDIT		
The certification Audit was under	taken during 31.05.2021.	
I attest that I meet the criteria for knowledge, experience and conflict of interest for a Cyanide Code Certification Audit Lead Auditor, established by the International Cyanide Management Institute and that all members of the audit team meet the applicable criteria established by the International Cyanide Management Institute for Code Certification Auditors.		
I attest that this Summary Audit Report accurately describes the findings of the certification audit. I further attest that the certification audit was conducted in a professional manner in accordance with the International Cyanide Management Code Cyanide Transportation Verification Protocol and using standard and accepted practices for health, safety and environmental audits.		
to.		
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PRINCIPLE 1 – TRANSPORT

Transport Cyanide in a Manner that Minimizes the Potential for Accidents and Releases		
Transport Practice 1.1:	•	the potential for accidents and releases.
The operation is:		
	in full compliance with	
	in substantial compliance with	
	not in compliance with	
Summarise the basis for t	his Finding/Deficiencies Identified:	
selected in such a way as t Within their Operational N	to minimise any potential for accidents Manual, they do have a Route Selection stances change. All staff will then be n	n Policy that is revised on at least an annual
These assessments cover t	the following:	
 Infrastructure – the transports contain conditions of any limiting speed so a there is a major presented. 	nis ranges from the roads to the Port, there is the Port, there is a road, so the important issue he bridges that need to be used. The issue as to minimise any potential risks. The roject whereby roads are being upgrade.	to issues like road Pitch and Grade.MCL only ere, will be the road conditions and the e of road gradient will play a key factor in current situation in Dar es Salaam is that ded so temporary alternatives are try had the road infrastructure upgraded
populated areas. I drivers more up to • Consideration of v practically possible	This would consider issues such as low odate with any immediate changes such	ream, rivers or dams are noted and as far as season, extra care is taken in order to
the containers from the Pointerim storage facility but	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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The ICD would then bring the containers in, and then MCL will be instructed byMCL to collect the containers. The containers would then be taken to the Mbagala Yard for either storage in a separate, bunded area, or if the convoy is leaving the next day, the trucks would park in the yard for security reasons and then leave the next day.

The Government Chemist Laboratory Authority (GCLA) is the only authority that allows for the transportation of cyanide within Tanzania. Amongst all the importation documentation that needs to be filed, a permit needs to be applied for from the GCLA and this is valid for 30 days. During this time, the goods to be moved from the Port to the receiving mine.

We were shown various route assessments including some that were no longer being serviced due to the mines either being closed or no longer using their services.

Besides being formally reviewed on an annual basis, any immediate changes to the routes, such as road construction or damage by rain, are communicated back to the office and changes made to the routes wherever possible. Unfortunately, some cases dictate that the routes do not offer any alternatives so additional precautions need to be taken.

After every delivery, the Convoy Leaders are required to update the Trip Reports, and any changes are then communicated to the next convoy that will cover the same route, and as such, the route assessments are an ongoing update.

Once the permit from the GCLA is received, and dates confirmed for when the convoy will move, the GCLA will contact the Police stations in each town to inform them of the ETA and then when the convoy either stops at, or is close to the town, the MCL Convoy Leader will contact the local Police to let them know that they are either close by, or in that area.

It might be a good time here to touch on the phone system in Tanzania. All drivers have their own cell phones. In Tanzania, there is a cell phone payment system in operation, that allows for drivers to make calls, buy food, and to pay for accommodation. So before each convoy sets off, each cell phone gets loaded with a certain amount of money and that covers calls, food and overnight stops. This ensures that nobody runs out of airtime and if anything should occur, more money can be loaded onto the relevant phone by the office. Also, "black spots" – areas without phone coverage are extremely limited, so moving maybe 1 or 2 KM's will move the driver into a clear reception zone.

On an annual basis, MCL conducts a formal route assessment, and during that trip, will engage with Medical Services and local Police and they share their Emergency Response Plan. This is a more formal approach supplementing the feedback that the drivers share on their return from deliveries.

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Name of Facility:	V	<u> </u>	
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Transport Practice 1.2: Ensure that personnel operating cyanide handling and transport equipment can

perform their jobs with minimum risk to c	communities and the environn	nent.
The operation is:		
igwedge in full com	pliance with	
in substant	tial compliance with	
not in com	pliance with	
Summarise the basis for this Finding/Defic	ciencies Identified:	
PMM Estates Ltd. (PMM) transports contain Depot (ICD), PMM conducts unloading of contain the ICD.		
MCL trucks transport the containers to Fre storage yard and if need be, containers are are parked overnight, and they leave early containers are loaded on to MCL trucks.	offloaded and loaded at FFT y	ard using Forklifts. Mostly trucks
MCL does not operate any equipment to of	ffload or load containers at the	eir yard in Mbagala
MCL only uses qualified, trained and license drivers, the only people it uses for the convecontainers in the yard (the Terex Reach States)	voys is the Convoy Leader, and	
It is now a Legal requirement that all Dange Government Agency which is GCLA.	erous Goods Drivers are requir	ed to be trained and Certified by a
MCL has developed a very comprehensive due for refresher training. This Matrix is als drivers are up to date with their training in protocols as well as the GCLA requirements	so consulted prior to any convo order to ensure that they are	by leaving to ensure that the
MCL offers the following training to their e Matrix requirements:	mployees as well as PMM and	this training is done as per the
 Induction – where relevant, Driver Induction – where relevant, Cyanide Awareness, Managing and Participating in Cyar 	nide Convoys,	
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• Cyanide First Response.

Each Driver is given a card that they keep with them. This card will contain details such as what training has been received and when, what is the next training due and is the required training up to date.

Prior to the convoy leaving these cards are checked and a briefing is given. The Auditors were shown training records to testify and prove that the training records were up to date and continually upgraded.

MCL does not use subcontractors or other entities to conduct any of the activities required in transport practice 1.2

Transport Practice 1.3: Ensure	that transport equipment is s	uitable for the cyanide shipment.
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The operation is:
☑ in full compliance with☑ in substantial compliance with
not in compliance with
Summarise the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:
Cyanide manufacturers package the cyanide briquettes into 1 ton (or, in a few cases, 1,1 ton) bag boxes. These 20 IBCs are then loaded into 20 'containers. Once the weight of the product and the container is added together, they average out at around 26 tons which appears to be an industry average. These weights will appear on the shipping documents and will need to comply with the Tanzanian Regulations. Another aspect that needs to be factored in, is that the Tanzanian Regulations only allow for a maximum gross weight of 53 tons per vehicle, including payload and trailers. As such, only one container is loaded onto a vehicle, to ensure that overloading is not done and minimises various risks. MCL does have a procedure for the loading of vehicles to prevent overloading of vehicles, but they are also checked at Government Weighbridges, so they need to ensure that they are within Legal Requirements.
Procedures are in place to prevent overloading of the transport vehicle being used for handling cyanide
MCL does not operate any equipment to offload or load containers at their yard in Mbagala
All vehicles are selected according to industry criteria, such as payload capabilities, maintenance schedules terrain suitability and availability of spares amongst other criteria. They also stick to a few brands to allow for easier maintenance protocols.
MCL services the vehicles and has a strict maintenance policy. We were shown records for a few vehicles, and they covered the entire life of the vehicles from delivery to date. Paper copies are kept and as services are done, this is captured on SAP including spares that are used in order to calculate running costs. Services are done at every 10 000 km's with major services carried out at 30 000 km's.
MCL does not use subcontractors or other entities to conduct any of the activities required in transport practice 1.3
Transport Practice 1.4: Develop and implement a safety program for the transport of cyanide.
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The operation is:
in full compliance with in substantial compliance with not in compliance with
Summarise the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:
Following on from the "Loading Procedure", and their own "Chain of Custody Procedure", MCL has implemented a Policy whereby all containers are checked upon arrival at the ICD.
Since the ICD has a Customs Office onsite, all container seals are checked and cross-referenced against the shipping documents.
As per IMO Regulations the supplier would have had the appropriate markings on the containers which, by Regulation, would include the UN Numbers and the Dangerous Goods Class Labels as required by the current IMDG Code. All these placards remain on the containers until delivery to the mine since none of the containers are off loaded into a storage warehouse. These markings are put on all four sides of the containers as per Industry norms.
All placarding is checked before loading, as the convoy leaves, and during delivery to the mine. The vehicles also have a local sign in the Language of Swahili which reads "Danger Poison". These signs are posted on the front of the vehicles. All vehicles in the convoy are fitted with red flags to denote that they are carrying dangerous goods. These flags both act as a warning to other road users, as well that in the event of an incident, they could be used to check wind direction and to cordon off an incident zone.
MCL has both preventive maintenance and periodic maintenance program. When any fault is identified during vehicle inspection, the Park Manager is immediately informed who then raises a work order and escalates it to the workshop manager.
The fault is worked on, and vehicle tested, and the work signed off by the mechanic who worked on it and countersigned by the Workshop Manager. The Maintenance Procedure indicates that trucks are serviced at 10,000Km & 30,000Km intervals as per the manufacturers' guideline.
MCL does not operate any equipment to offload or load containers at their yard in Mbagala
June
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- a) Prior to every departure, a Haulage Truck Checklist is completed. This covers various aspects such as ensuring that Dangerous Goods Requirements are met, that the driver has their Emergency Equipment, that the vehicle is roadworthy, and that all paperwork is completed. These checks are kept for every shipment that gets done.
- b) All vehicles are maintained as per the prescribed maintenance schedule and as mentioned earlier. Where an issue arises, the vehicle is pulled from service and the issue resolved, obviously with a record kept on any additional servicing as required for that specific vehicle.
- c) A service provider that does satellite tracking, is used to track all the movements of the convoys. From that system, one can see where, when and for how long each truck stopped. Each route that has been mapped out stipulates rest stops and overnight stops, so it is clear where the convoys have stopped whether it is a mandated stop, or, at worst, an incidental stop in which case the Convoy Leader will contact the home base and inform them. MCL does have a Policy in place that does give guidance as to rest stops and also, that driving after dark is strictly prohibited.
- d) Sodium Cyanide manufacturers pack the product into Industry accepted IBC's. these IBC's are designed in such a way to ensure that once loaded into containers, there is minimum risk of movement within the container. Shipping lines are also very circumspect about the way in which they stow the containers. Once loaded onto the trucks, twistlocks are used to secure the loads in order to minimise any shifting of the containers. There is a Checklist that needs to be consulted before and during each trip to ensure that these twistlocks are in place and fully functional.
- e) During each delivery, the Convoy Leader is in touch with the office, and if anything were to happen, he can consult with the office in Dar es Salaam and a decision can be made as to either suspend the convoy in the case of bad weather, or to take alternative steps to ensure that the safety of the convoy is maintained. It appears that the main concern would be bad weather, and subsequent degradation of the roads, with, Civil Unrest being a low issue at the moment.
- f) There is a Drug Abuse Prevention Programme in place at MCL, as well as an updated Policy. This covers all Employees, but special focus is placed on the Drivers and Convoy Leaders. Performance is monitored and is re-iterated during refresher training and induction sessions. Any issues that do arise are kept on the Employees' Personnel File.
- g) We were shown several documents that have been updated, maintained, shelved and new Procedures that were introduced due to circumstances changing, but mostly, that the record keeping in all aspects are in fact done.

Each and every shipment made is recorded and various checklists are used to ensure that all Policies and Practises are followed in accordance with Company Policy. Each record is filed and maintained to ensure closure of every shipment.

MCL does not use subcontractors or other entities to conduct any of the activities required in transport practice 1.4

Transport Practice 1.5: Follow international standards for transportation of cyanide by sea and air.

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The operation is:		
⊠ in full	compliance with	
in sub	stantial compliance with	
not in	compliance with	
Summarise the basis for this Finding/	Deficiencies Identified:	
The transporter does not ship cyanide	by sea or air.	
Transport Practice 1.6 Track cyanid	e shipments to prevent losses du	ring transportation.
The operation is:	e simplification prevent losses au	
	Jur	
Name of Facility:	V	
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	Kenya	
	in full compliance with	
] in substantial compliance wi	th
	not in compliance with	
Summarise the basis for this F	inding/Deficiencies Identified	:
The operation is in full complia during transport.	nce with Transport Practice 1.	6; track cyanide shipments to prevent losses
The tracking Company does on	going maintenance every thre keeps backups for trips done a ast twice a day with the office	ach driver also has a cell phone. e months to ensure uninterrupted service nd these can be accessed by the MCL Office. – this is over and above of the
		olication is used, so if a truck moves off from nitored as well as how long they stop at rest
As mentioned earlier, a certain This is to ensure that nobody re	-	o all the cell phones to cover any incidentals. uring an emergency.
All equipment is checked prior communication equipment and		d to ensure full functionality of all resolved before leaving.
•	ne internal WhatsApp group th	be called such as police, hospitals and people nat is set up for each convoy. The Convoy ment of convoys.
It would appear that the issue operators, so communication is	·	s has been resolved by the mobile phone
convoy to ensure a seamless checklists, MSDS's, quantities le	nain of custody. Shipping docu paded and container seals. sion of the MSDS in the local I	Il the required paperwork is carried with the ments include delivery manifests, truck anguage, Swahili to ensure that there is no v.
MCL does not use subcontractor practice 1.6	ors or other entities to conduc	t any of the activities required in transport
Name of Facility:	Lead Auditor	Dato: 21 05 2022
Mainline Carriers Limited	Ledu Auullui	Date: 31.05.2022



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PRINCIPLE 2 – INTERIM STORAGE

Design, Construct and Operate Cyanide Trans-shipping Depots and Interim Storage Sites to Prevent Releases and Exposures		
Transport Practice 2.1:	Store cyanide in a manner that minimizes the potential for accidental releases.	
The operation is:	in full compliance with	
	in substantial compliance with	
	not in compliance with	
Summarise the basis for t	nis Finding/Deficiencies Identified:	
The operation is in full cor the potential for accidenta	npliance with Transport Practice 2.1; store cyanide in a manner that minimizes I releases.	
Currently, no interim stora Depot.	ge is done by MCL. The only storage that is done is at the Inland Container	
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PRINCIPLE 3 – EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Ensure that Process Contr	ols are Protective of the Environment
Transport Practice 3.1:	Prepare detailed emergency response plans for potential cyanide releases.
The operation is:	
	in full compliance with
	in substantial compliance with
	not in compliance with
Summarise the basis for t	his Finding/Deficiencies Identified:
The operation is in full confor potential cyanide relea	npliance with Transport Practice 3.1; prepare detailed emergency response plans ses.
MCL has a comprehensive division of MCL.	Emergency Response Plan that integrates with GFL since GFL is the transport
•	rocedure is revised on an annual basis, and if any changes occur between any revised, updated and shared between all parties concerned.
taking into account the loc Although electronic copies hardcopy. The plan covers	en developed over the years to make it relevant for cyanide related incidents cal conditions that the convoys may encounter. Is are available at the operational offices, the convoy leader will also have a cas far as possible any potential incidents that the convoy may find themselves in the comprehensive as possible.
The plan includes issues su	ich as the following:
 Essential Emergen What PPE needs to Guidelines to be for Since only solid cyanide is	s – the latest versions that are available per route, cy Response Procedures for instance, dry spills, spills into waterways, be used that is appropriate per incident, collowed for a variety of potential incidents. transported, the guidelines focus on that, unless of course waterways are guidelines for that, and that is mainly where the GCLA is involved, and they are oy to give more advice.
As mentioned earlier in th	is report, the only means of transport is the following:
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- Solid IBC's containing dry, solid Sodium Cyanide briquettes,
- Loaded into 20' shipping containers,
- Movement of these containers are limited by road and no ferry or ship option is used.

Since only road transport is used, the plan takes into consideration various road conditions that may be encountered en-route. There are also route assessments that are specific to certain routes, There are also various types of terrain that the convoy will encounter, and as such, the Plan does take all these aspects into account.

In the front of the Plan is a list of internal contact numbers comprising of staff from MCL, but the Plan also needs to take into account external stakeholders who may be involved with any incident that may occur along any of the routes, and these would be for example, the following:

- The receiving Mine,
- National Environmental Management Commission (NEMC),
- Tanzanian Port Authority,
- Tanzanian International Container Terminal Systems,
- The shipper in other words, the Manufacturer,
- Hospitals,
- The Police will have been informed of the impending convoy, so their relevant numbers would feature on the convoy list as well as in the plan, and then,
- Government Chemist Laboratory Agency (GCLA), even though they have a member in the convoy.

The Emergency Plan covers most eventualities that they may encounter, from Emergency Response Procedures to Handling Guidelines.

The plan identifies the roles of external responders, medical services, or communities

Emergency responders have been advised of their roles during route risk survey. MCL tighter with FFT hold seminars and meetings annualy with external responders and advise them of their roles.

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Transport Practice 3.2: Designate appearer personne appearer personne.	propriate response pers	onnel and commit necessary resources for						
The operation is:								
	compliance with							
	stantial compliance with							
	compliance with							
Summarise the basis for this Finding/D	Deficiencies Identified:							
The operation is in full compliance with and commit necessary resources for en	•	designate appropriate response personnel						
company. The staff who receive trainin	iven training on a regula g are as follows:	oriate staff members. According to the r basis dependent on their roles within the						
 It would be all the convoy drivers, The convoy leader as well as the person who acts as the main coordinator in the event of an emergency, 								
 It extends as far as the worksho section, 	op staff including the yar	d emergency responders and the tyre						
•	erations supervisor and t	he health, safety and emergency						
The procedures document has a clear of emergency. These requirements are our requirements.		nd responsibilities in the event of an tions and all compliant with the training						
An emergency vehicle in other words, a equipped with necessary equipment to								
Emergency equipment is compliant with all the standards that they have within their emergency response plan. The equipment is checked on a monthly basis as well as prior to any convoy leaving the premises. The drivers are also issued with a "get out alive kit" prior to leaving the premises. They also have the								
required personal protective equipment necessary in case of any incident. All checklists are checked against what needs to be done before any convoy leaves the premises. Any updated or missing equipment is checked and replaced as a matter of course. Very comprehensive and covers procedures, training, route assessments and what emergency equipment they need to carry on each convoy.								
						MCL does not use subcontractors or other entities to conduct any of the activities required in transport practice 3.2		
						Name of Facility:	Jun	
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Transport Practice 3.3: Develop procedures for internal and external emergency notification and reporting. The operation is: in full compliance with in substantial compliance with not in compliance with Summarise the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified: The operation is in full compliance with Transport Practice 3.3; develop procedures for internal and external emergency notification and reporting. All emergency response plans, and internal procedures are updated on an annual basis or, if names, positions or numbers change, these contacts are changed and shared with all stakeholders. These changes also take into account any Legislative changes that may occur, and these changes are then updated into the various plans and procedures. The contact list does include the shipper, consignee, medical facilities any outside responders and even contact within communities that they travel through. All emergency contact numbers that are in the various procedures are updated as these change, and cover, Governmental Agencies, cyanide manufacturers, mines, police stations and hospitals. Communities are represented by the local police, so in the event of an incident, the police would be the first point of contact. Their one particular procedure which will be covered in the main report, highlights a procedural flow chart and also instructs what roles each person has to play in the unfortunate case of an incident. MCL emergency response plan has procedures for notifying of any significant cyanide incidents, as defined in ICMI's Definations and Acronyms document. MCL has not had any significant cyanide incident. Name of Facility: Mainline Carriers Limited Date: 31.05.2022



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Transport Practice 3.4: Develop procedures for remediation of releases that recognize the additional hazards of cyanide treatment chemicals.

The operation is:		
🔀 in full	compliance with	
in sub	stantial compliance with	
not in	compliance with	
Summarise the basis for this Finding/	Deficiencies Identified:	
The operation is in full compliance wit releases that recognize the additional		
We observed procedures for full reme severe cases, solutions. They have pro dispose of contaminated soil. For example, any contaminated soil sh	cedures in place in order to either	decontaminate soils, or how to
any other chemical reaction into the e Also, dry spills and spills into waterway issue.	nvironment.	
This procedure prohibits the use of anthe Cyanide Management Code.	y chemical to be used within any w	vater body and complies fully with
Also, once the spill has been cleared, Monitoring programme is done - either		
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Transport Practice 3.5: Periodically evaluate response procedures and capabilities and revise them as needed.

needed.		
in substa	mpliance with ntial compliance with mpliance with	
Summarise the basis for this Finding/Def	iciencies Identified:	
The operation is in full compliance with Trand capabilities and revise them as neede		periodically evaluate response procedures
MCL has a very strict system of monitoring people move around, or, as situations characters that have a Procedure to capture these controls.	ange.	
•	ed. As per the procedu	the response procedures and capabilities re, the ERP is reviewed at least every year
The ERP makes provision for annually emeconducted annually involving drivers, HSE department of the company. The QHSE Moutcomes. The training matrix also makes Mock drill report noted, and content was participants, non-conformities, and correct and releases. They also conduct full scale Police Services, Hospitals and the GCLA.	and logistic agents. Tranager is responsible provision for emerger scrutinized. The reporctive action plans. The	faining is organized by the QHSE for developing the strategies and training ncy drills to be conducted once annually. It describes the incident scenarios, mock drill has addressed both exposures
Evaluations of mock drills have determine trained properly trained to handle any inc		ment is adequate, and personnel are
They are committed to audit systems that a standard that will cover their operations. All Audits are done on an annual basis and Transportation and routing assess. Emergency Drills, Incident Management, Emergencies that may arise.	s in a responsible mand d cover issues like:	nt people and, as such, these systems are of ner.
Name of Facility: Mainline Carriers Limited Lea	ead Auditor	 Date: 31.05.2022



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Emergency drills are conducted on a regular basis and are documented. They also conduct full scale emergency drills with stakeholders such as Mining Operations, Police Services, Hospitals and the GCLA.

All actions are analysed and are shared with the convoy crews and documented for future learnings.

Future actions are itemised and acted upon.

Name of Facility: Mainline Carriers Limited	Lead Auditor	 Date: 31.05.2022