INTERNATIONAL CYANIDE MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE

Cyanide Transportation Summary Audit Report

For The International Cyanide Management Code and CONFINS Transportes Ltda./Brazil.

Prepared by NCABrasil Expert Auditors Ltd. (www.globalsheq.com)

www.cyanidecode.org

December 2016

The International Cyanide Management Code (hereinafter "the Code"), this document, and other documents or information sources referenced at www.cyanidecode.org are believed to be reliable and were prepared in good faith from information reasonably available to the drafters. However, no guarantee is made as to the accuracy or completeness of any of these other documents or information sources. No guarantee is made in connection with the application of the Code, the additional documents available or the referenced materials to prevent hazards, accidents, incidents, or injury to employees and/or members of the public at any specific site where gold is extracted from ore by the cyanidation process. Compliance with this Code is not intended to and does not replace, contravene or otherwise alter the requirements of any specific national, state or local governmental statutes, laws, regulations, ordinances, or other requirements regarding the matters included herein. Compliance with this Code is entirely voluntary and is neither intended nor does it create, establish, or recognize any legally enforceable obligations or rights on the part of its signatories, supporters or any other parties.

*This audit report contains 11(eleven) pages.

SUMMARY AUDIT REPORT FOR CYANIDE TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS

Instructions

- 1. The basis for the finding and/or statement of deficiencies for each Transport Practice should be summarized in this Summary Audit Report. This should be done in a few sentences or a paragraph.
- 2. The name of the cyanide transportation operation, lead auditor signature and date of the audit must be inserted on the bottom of each page of this Summary Audit Report.
- 3. An operation undergoing a Code Verification Audit that is in substantial compliance must submit a Corrective Action Plan with the Summary Audit Report.
- 4. The Summary Audit Report and Corrective Action Plan, if appropriate, for a cyanide transportation operation undergoing a Code Verification Audit with all required signatures must be submitted in hard copy to:

International Cyanide Management Institute (ICMI) 1400 I Street, NW, Suite 550. Washington, DC 20005, USA Tel: +1-202-495-4020

- 5. The submittal must be accompanied by:
 - 1) a letter from the owner or authorized representative which grants the ICMI permission to post the Summary Audit Report and Corrective Action Plan, if necessary, on the Code Website, and
 - 2) a completed Auditor Credentials Form. The lead auditor's signature on the Auditor Credentials Form must be certified by notarization or equivalent.
- 6. Action will not be taken on certification based on the Summary Audit Report until the application form for a Code signatory and the required fees are received by ICMI from the applicable cyanide transportation company.
- 7. The description of the cyanide transport company should include sufficient information to describe the scope and complexity of its operation.



Name of Cyanide Transportation Facility: CONFINS Transportes Ltda.

Name of Facility Owner: CONFINS Transportes Ltda. Name of Facility Operator: CONFINS Transportes Ltda. Name of Responsible Manager: Cristiane Pilar Albergaria

Address: Rua Palmeiras, 101 (Santo Antônio), 32864-170, Betim, MG, Brasil.

State/Province: Minas Gerais.

Country: Brazil

Telephone: (55+31) 2519-6458

E-Mail: cristiane.pilar@confins.com.br

Location detail and description of operation:

The CONFINS operation is focused on the road transportation of cyanide for gold mining operations, without interim storage. The operation is located at Betim town (Minas Gerais State, southwest of Brazil) and transports solid and liquid cyanide from the cyanide producer PROGUIGEL (Bahia State) to gold mine operations located in Brazil. The operation has a SHEQ management system certified in accordance to SASSMAQ protocol, established by the Brazilian Chemical Industry Association (ABIQUIM). The operation trucks, specifically designed and bought to transport cyanide containers, are remotely monitored (100% during the travel between the cyanide producer and the final client) and equipped with on board computer and tracking system. The operation drivers are qualified, based on the Brazilian legislation, to transport hazardous chemical products and also were trained by the cyanide producer. The transporter has an agreement with an emergency responder company AMBIPAR Response Brasil (belonging to Ambipar Group from Spain) as requested by the cyanide producer PROQUIGEL.



Auditor's Finding

This operation is

X in full compliance

☐ in substantial compliance *(see below)

☐ not in compliance

with the International Cyanide Management Code.

During the previous three years certification cycle, Confins Transportes Ltda. did not experience any significant cyanide related incidents nor any compliance problems related to cyanide transportation management.

* For cyanide transportation operations seeking Code certification, the Corrective Action Plan to bring an operation in substantial compliance into full compliance must be enclosed with this Summary Audit Report. The plan must be fully implemented within one year of the date of this audit.

Audit Company: NCABrasil Expert Auditors Ltd. (www.globalsheq.com) Audit Team Leader: Celso Sandt Pessoa (ICMI qualified lead auditor and transportation qualified TEA (technical expert auditor)).

E-mail: celsopessoa@ncabrasil.com.br

Names and Signatures of Other Auditors: not applicable

Date(s) of Audit: 27~29/ October/ 2020 (on-site) and 27/January/ 2021 (off-site).

I attest that I meet the criteria for knowledge, experience and conflict of interest for Code Verification Audit Team Leader, established by the International Cyanide Management Institute and that all members of the audit team meet the applicable criteria established by the International Cyanide Management Institute for Code Verification Auditors.

I attest that this Summary Audit Report accurately describes the findings of the verification audit. I further attest that the verification audit was conducted in a professional manner in accordance with the International Cyanide Management Code Verification Protocol for Cyanide Transportation Operations and using standard and accepted practices for health, safety and environmental audits.

Celso Sandt Pessoa (Lead Auditor & TEA)

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1. TRANSPORT: Transport cyanide in a manner that minimizes the potential for accidents and releases.

<u>Transport Practice 1.1</u>: Select cyanide transport routes to minimize the potential for accidents

and releases.

X in full compliance with

The operation is:

in substantial compliance with Transport Practice 1:1

□ not in compliance with

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

The operation did design and implement a procedure to identify and select appropriate and safer routs (federal and state roads) to transport the cyanide from the cyanide producer until the mining operation. Evidenced that the operation selected the main possible routes between the cyanide producer and the mine. Evidenced that the selection of route process considered the population density along the route, the infrastructure (asphalt, double or single speedway, gas stations availability, federal road policy stations, emergency stations, communication infrastructure, potential shadow areas for communication), the condition of the route (under maintenance, bumpy, without asphalt), weather conditions (such as fog, fire, rain) and surface waters (rivers, creeks, lakes). Records of selected routes were reviewed. Most of the routes are asphalted and only small portions of them (close to the mine operations) are not asphalted, just in some cases.

All the risks related to the selected routes were identified by the operation and clearly identified in the route record (traveling plan). Several controls such as speed limit, driver qualification and training, preventive truck maintenance, pre-traveling brief and inspection with the driver, planned transport observations, full time monitoring of the truck from a remote station, limited traveling time, were implemented by the operation in order to mitigate the risks related to the selected routes.

The operation constantly evaluates the condition of the selected routes. In the end of each travel, the driver records, on the traveling plan, his perceptions and findings about the route condition. This travel report is reviewed by the operations officer and, when necessary, the route plan is updated and the risks re-evaluated.

The operation prepares, before each travel, the traveling plan (which is delivered to the driver and a briefing is performed), identifying all the risks and related controls that shall be observed by the driver, including allowed stations to stop, potential shadow zones for phone signal, speed limit, severe down hills, bridges, rivers, among other aspects.

The operation always contact the Brazilian Federal Road Policy, the tracking contractor, the road administration contact, in order to define the route and avoid potential problems along the selected route. The operation will use escorts when the risk analysis indicates that this should be a control during the transport (safety and security), but up to now this procedure was not necessary. The operation communicated the Brazilian Federal Road Policy, the road administration authorities, the insurance company and the emergency responders (Ambipar) their roles in an emergency situation involving the cyanide transportation.

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<u>Transport Practice 1.2</u>: Ensure that personnel

Ensure that personnel operating cyanide handling and transport

equipment can perform their jobs with minimum risk to communities

and the environment.

X in full compliance with

The operation is:

☐ in substantial compliance with

Transport Practice 1.2

□ not in compliance with

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

The operation use only qualified drivers (in accordance to Brazilian legislation) to transport chemical products, including NaCN. The driver must have a specific driving license type "E". Beyond this legal requirement, the operation established health requirements to the drivers, psychological evaluation, education requirements and experience. The operation also requires specific training for its drivers, including MOPP training (Movimento Operacional de Produtos Perigosos/ dangerous products operational movement) and provides annual refresh training, including first aid and emergency procedures related to cyanide and driver's operation manual. Reviewed the driver's permits, the MOPP training records, the occupational health certificate, the psychological evaluation, the drug and alcohol evaluation, the route risk evaluation record and the annual refresh trainings performed between 2018 and 2020. Also evidenced that the cyanide producer (Proquigel) delivered specific trainings related to cyanide to the operation's driver team.

Transport Practice 1.3: Ensure that transport equipment is suitable for the cyanide shipment.

X in full compliance with

The operation is: \Box in substantial compliance with

Transport Practice 1.3

□ not in compliance with

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

The operation uses Volvo 460 CV (6x2) truck specifically designed to transport containers up to 60 ton (Random flat platform bug, with pin lockers). Truck licenses were reviewed. According to the Brazilian legislation all trucks used to transport chemical products shall be inspected by a public authority in order to be approved to transport such kind of products. Reviewed annual inspection records by the public authority (CIV/ Certificado de Inspeção Veicular)). Before loading the cargo sea container or isocontainer, the driver reviews the transportation documentation in order to verify the cargo weight and confirm that the truck is capable to transport it. According to Brazilian transport legislation, there is a maximum load capacity allowed per truck to transit in the roads. There are controls points along the route to verify the cargo weight (weight stations) and the cargo documentation, by the public authorities.

<u>Transport Fractice 1.4</u> .	Develop and implement a sajety program for transport of cyaniae.	
The operation is:	X in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with	
Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:		
The loading activity at its cyanide solution. Before I confirm its weight and condocumentation. The confithe Brazilian legislation, the Brazilian legislation, the Brazilian legislation, the chemical profully identified. The operatruck before each journey, emergency resources, the the tacograph, the verification implements accordance with Volvo (to by a qualified Volvo dealer including one hour for lunt to drive at night. The world the truck is specifically do by the driver before each in accordance to the operation of the operation designed and allowed to begin. The operation designed and all the drivers before the branually, during the occupate detection test. The operation defined and All requested records operation.	the boxes are transported in certified sea containers that are sealed after installations in Candeias or Camaçari, as well as isocontainers with eaving the producer installation, the cargo is weighted in order to impares with the information addressed at the seller and the transporter rainers are unsealed when arrives at the mine operations. According to the truck shall have, in four sides, standard placards indicating the educt being transported. It was evidenced that the operation truck is atton designed and implemented a robust inspection program of the including the inspection of the truck and the bug, the inspection of the inspection of the communication and tracking system, the inspection of atton of the driver and cargo documentation. But a preventive maintenance program for its trucks in muck producer) requirements. The preventive maintenance is performed for. The operation defined a maximum driving time of 12 hours, such and a 30' rest every 6,0 hours of driving. The driver is not allowed king hours is controlled through the remote tracking station. The esigned to transport containers and it has pin lockers, that are inspected journey, and prevent the containers from shifting. It is after that are inspected journey, and prevent the containers from shifting. It is after that are inspected journey and prevent the containers from shifting. It is after that are inspected journey and prevent the containers and it has pin lockers, that are inspected journey, and prevent the containers from shifting. It is after that are inspected journey and prevent the containers from shifting. It is a province of the transport activity shall be stopped or even not add implement a drug & alcohol policy, accepted by all drivers, in which the eiginning of a journey pass through an alcohol detection test and pational health monitoring program, the drivers pass through a drug implemented a process to manage all records related to its activities.	
Transport Practice 1.5:	Follow international standards for transportation of cyanide by sea and air.	
The operation is:	☐ in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with	
Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:		
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This transport practice is not applicable to the operation scope. The operation scope is road transportation.

Transport Practice 1.6:	Track cyanide shipments to preven	t losses during transport.
The operation is:	X in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with	Transport Practice 1.6

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified: (Due to the sensitivity of security issues regarding storage of cyanide, no descriptions of substantial or non-compliance with this aspect of the Transport Practice should be provided).

The transport vehicle is provided with tracking systems (on board computer), using GPS signal. The driver is also equipped with a fast dialing mobile phone.

The potential blackout areas for mobile phones were identified and mitigated with the aid of two different lines. The tracking system has no blackout areas. The truck is monitored 100% of the time, by a remote control station, by the operation headquarters and the tracker provider. The operation implemented a chain of custody records management, according to the Brazilian law. The documentation is verified prior the transportation and before the unloading at the mine

The transport documentation clearly identifies the amount of cyanide being transported and the product MSDS (provided by Proquigel) is part of this documentation.

2. INTERIM STORAGE:	Design, construct and operate cy interim storage sites to prevent re		
Transport Practice 2.1:	Store cyanide in a manner that minimizes the potential for accidental releases.		
	☐ in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with	Transport Practice 2.1	

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:*

This principle is not applicable to the operation scope because the cyanide cargo is transported straight from the cyanide producer (Proquigel Brasil) to its final destination, the mining operation. During the transport, the truck is monitored 100% of the time and stops, at night, only at pre-evaluated and approved gas stations along the route. The tracking system also blocks (turn-off) the truck engine if something different from the planned script (travel plan) occurs. Verified the tacograph records.

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Protect communities and the environment through the 3. EMERGENCY RESPONSE:

development of emergency response strategies and

capabilities

Prepare detailed emergency response plans for potential cyanide Transport Practice 3.1:

X in full compliance with

The operation is. ☐ in **su**bstantial compliance with

Transport Practice 3.1

□ not in compliance with

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

The operation defined and documented three different emergency plans, linked among them. One was developed by the transporter SHE officer and is focused on emergency procedures that shall be observed by the truck driver and by other involved stakeholders such as road policy, emergency rescuers, paramedic teams. It is based on the Proquigel MSDS and the Ambipar Response one.. The second one was developed by the operation insurance company, WGRH. It is a general emergency plan. The third one, was developed by the operation in conjunction with an emergency respond expert, AMBIPAR Response Brasil, and is specific for the cyanide transportation in the identified transportation routes. The AMBIPAR specific emergency plan was updated in 2020, as well as the other two ones. The emergency plans are specific to the selected cyanide transportation routes (based on the risk evaluation performed on the selected routes) and specific for the transportation of solid cyanide. The emergency response plans are focused on the identified and evaluated risks, also considering the available infrastructure and resources available in the selected routes. The plans are specific for the truck configuration being used to transport the cyanide (flat platform bug, with pin lockers, specifically designed to transport metallic sea containers and isocontainers). The plan describes the specific response actions that shall be applied to each emergency situation, such as accident with fire, fall into surface waters, cyanide leakage on a rainy day, among other emergency scenarios. The plans describe the roles of several stakeholders that should be involved in the emergency response, such as road policy, emergency responders and rescuers, first aid stations along the route, reference hospitals, environmental authorities.

Designate appropriate response personnel and commit necessary Transport Practice 3.2:

resources for emergency response.

X in full compliance with

The operation is:

☐ in substantial compliance with

Transport Practice 3.2

□ not in compliance with

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

Was evidenced that the operation provided emergency training for drivers, emergency coordinators, emergency response members, including the support training provided by the cyanide producer and the emergency respond expert.

The roles of each emergency responder are clearly defined and communicated. The operation defined the required emergency equipment that shall be available at the truck (emergency kit), home faut I mon

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such as fullface mask, rubber gloves, flashlight, signage, fire extinguishers (dry powder), rubber boots, safety helmet and glasses, overall Tyvec, antidotes (provided by Proquigel), brush, cords, plastic blankets. The emergency kit is inspected before each travel.

Transport Practice 3.3:	Develop procedures for internal and external emergency notification and reporting.		
The operation is:	X in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with		
Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified: The driver's operational manual and the emergency plans clearly address the emergency communication system, including contact information of all potentially involved stakeholders such as road policy, the cyanide producer, the cyanide buyer, hospitals, first aid stations along the route, environmental agencies, emergency responders, Brazilian chemical association. Emergency contact information are also available at the truck doors (stickers) and at the truck chassis (stickers also). This information is kept updated.			
Transport Practice 3.4:	Develop procedures for remediation of releases that recognize the additional hazards of cyanide treatment chemicals.		
The operation is.	X in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with		
Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified: The reviewed emergency plans clearly define the remediation procedures that shall be applied in the event of cyanide related emergencies, including the use of neutralizer for solid and liquid cyanide spills in soil and the disposal of the neutralized media, first stored in plastic bags and then disposed adequately, with the aid of accredited (by local EPA) environmental services suppliers. The reviewed plans clearly define that chemical products, are prohibited to be used, to mitigate the impacts, in the event of solid and liquid cyanide releases in surface waters along the route.			
Transport Practice 3.5:	Periodically evaluate response procedures and capabilities and revise them as needed.		
The operation is.	X in full compliance with ☐ in substantial compliance with ☐ not in compliance with		

Summarize the basis for this Finding/Deficiencies Identified:

The operation annually reviews and revise (if necessary) its emergency plans (including the specific one, provided by AMBIPAR Response). The operation also planned, on a yearly humofandt Proc.

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basis, simulation activities related to their emergency plans, including one specific exercise in conjunction with the emergency responder expert, AMBIPAR Response. The operation plans and implement mock emergency drills, related to its emergency plans and in conjunction with the emergency responders expert. Reviewed also two emergency drills performed during 2020 (dated 15/October (Confins (drivers) + Ambipar) and 13/ February (performed by Confins (drivers), Ambipar, Proquigel and military firefighters). The drill performed on 25/03/2019 was focused on the correct use of PPEs, area isolation, communication with stakeholders, use of fire extinguishers. The drills performed on 2020 were focused on liquid cyanide spills and leakage.

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